# **SAIS Academic Support Conference**

# Great Minds Don't Think Alike A New Lens for a New Year

February 5, 2023 Carolina Williams, US Learning Gulliver Prep Nancy Weinstein, MindPrint Learning



# Ice Breaker



ACCEPT ACCOMPLISH ADVENTURE ALLOW AMBITION BALANCE BE BELIEVE BREATHE BUILD CAPABLE CELEBRATE CHALLENGE CHANGE CHASE COMMIT COMPASSION

CONFIDENCE

FAITH FAMILY FEARLESS FIGHT FINISH FITNESS FLEXIBILITY FLOW **FOCUS** FORWARD FREEDOM FRIENDS FULFILL FUN GRACE GRATITUDE

GROW

JOURNEY IOY KINDNESS LEAD LEARN LESS LIFT LOVE MEDITATE MINDFUL MOMENTS MORE NEW NO NOW **OBSERVE** OPEN

RESPOND RESTORE RHYTHM RISE SAVOR SEEK SHINE SIMPLICITY SLAY SLOW SOAK SPARKLE SPIRIT STRENGTH SURRENDER SUSTAIN TEACH

CULTIVATE DAZZLE DECREASE DELVE DETERMINATION DEVOTE DILIGENCE DISCIPLINE DREAM DRIVE ELEVATE EMERGE EVOLVE EXAMPLE **EXPLORE** 

HOME HOPE HUSTLE ILLUMINATE IMAGINE **IMPROVE** INCREASE INDULGE INSPIRE INTEGRITY INTENTION INTENTIONAL INTIMATE INTUITION INVOKE

PEACE TRANSFORM PERSEVERE TRAVEL PERSISTENCE TRUST PRESENT UNAFRAID UNFOLD PRIORITIZE UNIQUE PRODUCE PRODUCTIVE UNLIMITED **PROGRESS** VALIDATE PROVIDE VIBRANT VISION PURPOSEFUL RELEASE WANDER RELIABLE WHOLE RENEW WILD WONDER REPLENISH RESOLVE



# Today's Agenda

### **New Lens**

- Defining learner variability
- Deep dive on cognitive variability
- How to address learner variability

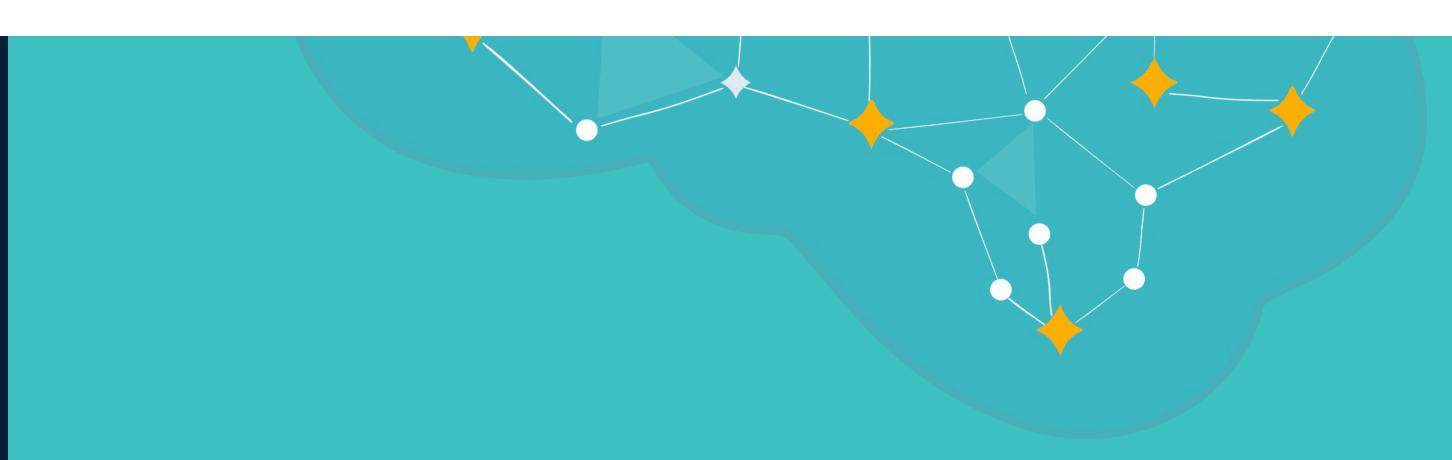
### **Case Studies**

### Questions

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- Nancy@mindprintlearning.com



# Defining Learner Variability



# What Drives Learner Variability?

Sources: Cattell (1987), Sahlberg (2006)

Cognitive
Skills
50%

- Complex Reasoning
- Executive Functioning
- Memory
- Processing

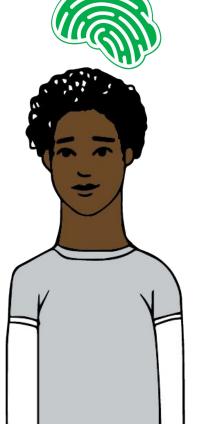
Academic Knowledge 25%

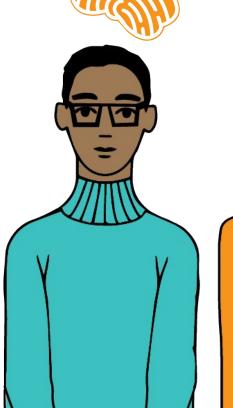
- Curriculum
- Teacher Training
- Depth of Knowledge

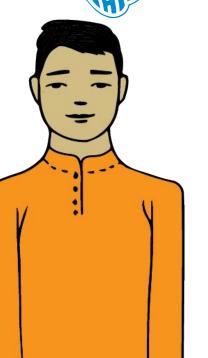
Social & Emotional 25%

- Relationships
- Motivation
- Mindset
- Engagement/Interest
- Mental Health









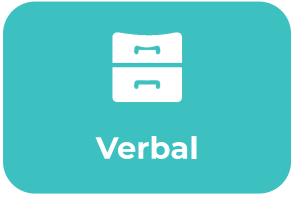








**Transfer**Problem Solve





Remember Long-term Memory







**Apply**Executive Functions







**Understand**Complex Reasoning

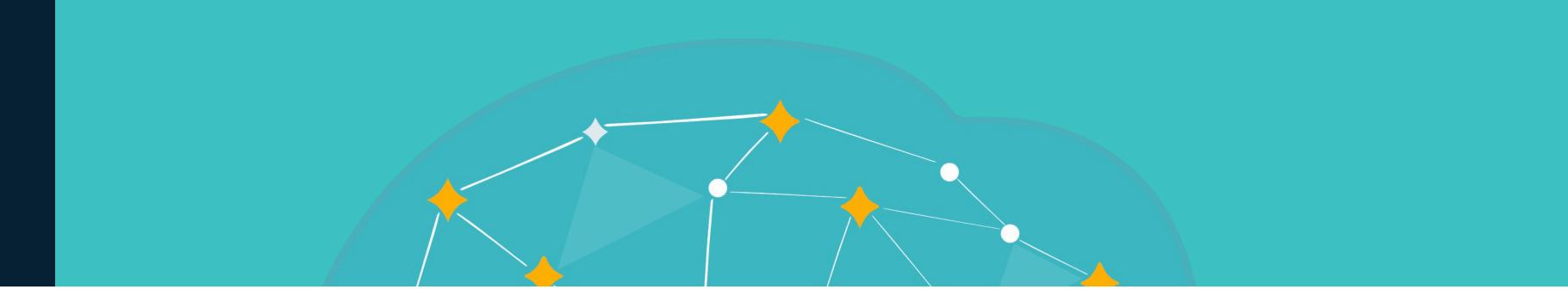


"A growth mindset is the belief that your abilities can be increased through effort, but not just effort, through good strategies and lots of support and help from others.

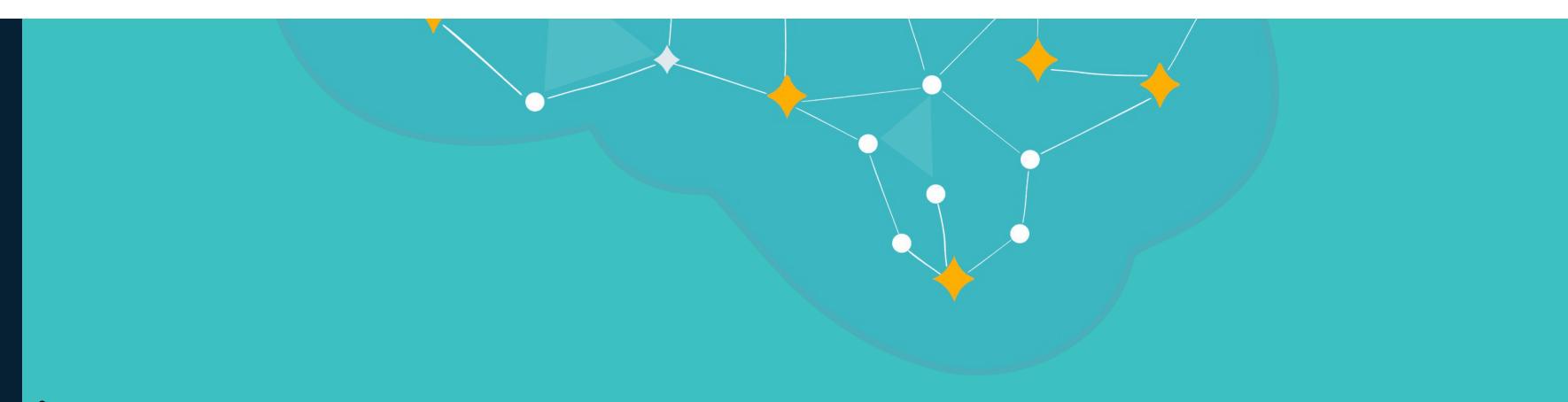
It's not that growth mindset theory denies there are differences in how quickly people master certain things. It's just that the focus is on the idea that everyone, with effort and guidance, can increase their abilities."

Dr. Carol Dweck (2000 & 2020) Author, Growth Mindset





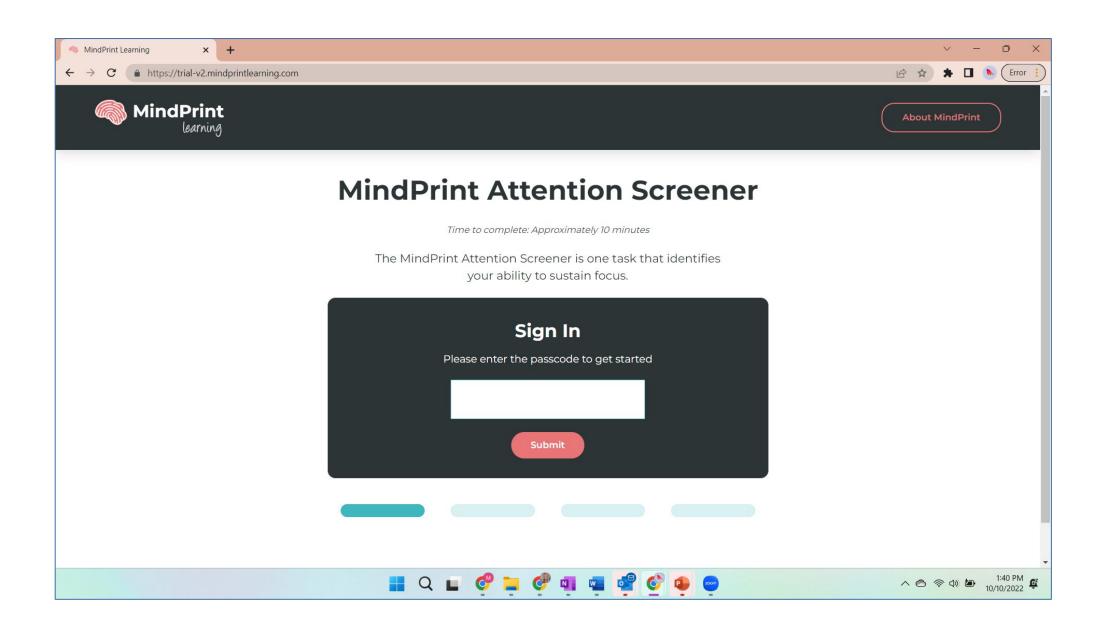
# Activity



# 5 Minute Exercise

Open your laptop and get your headphones.

Go to <a href="https://trial-v2.mindprintlearning.com">https://trial-v2.mindprintlearning.com</a> and enter code: AFT2021





# Turn & Talk

# What adjective best describes how you felt?

- Confident
- Frustrated
- Angry
- Tired
- Indifferent



# Executive Functions & Speed What gets in the way even if you understand it









Focus/Follow-through

**Efficiency** 

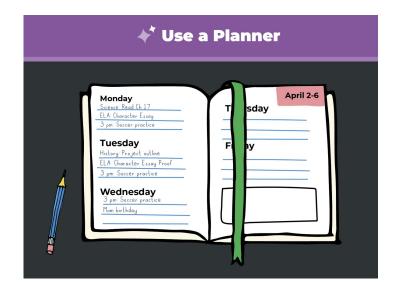
**Organization/Time Management** 

**Problem Solving** 

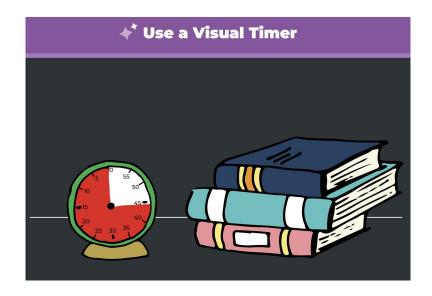


# **Supporting Executive Functions**

### **Planning**



**Time Management** 

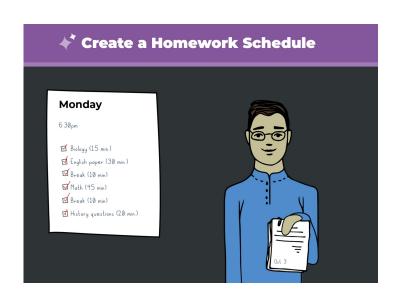


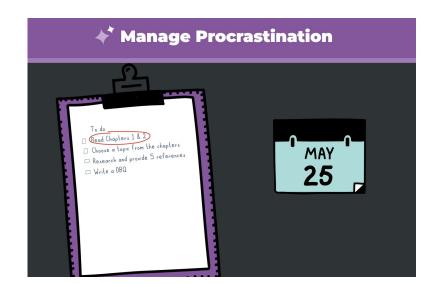
**Problem Solving** 



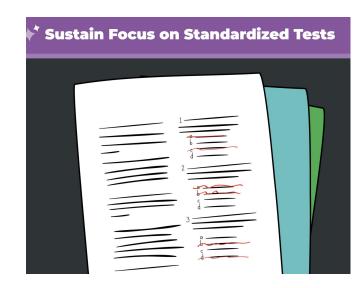
**Focus** 



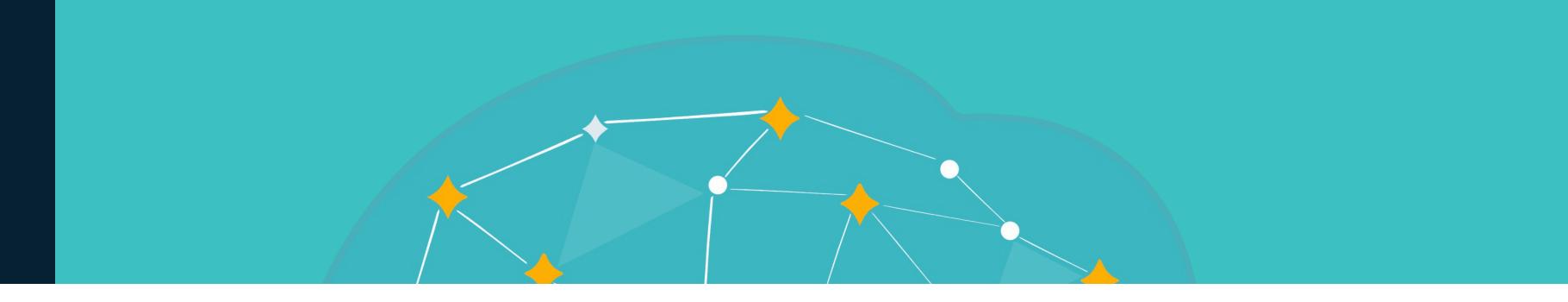




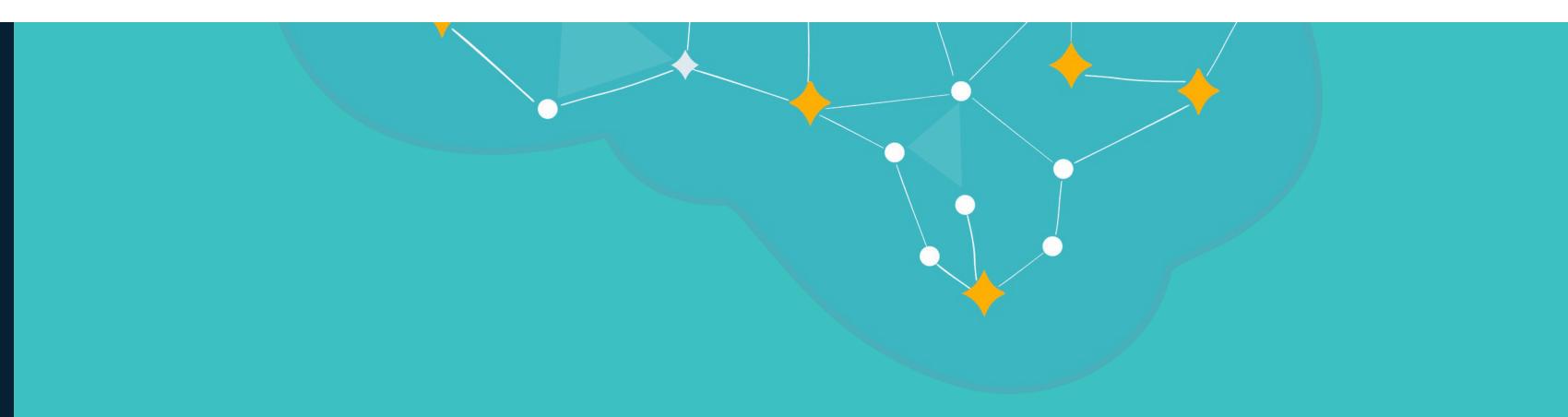








# Case Studies



# Case Study 1: Challenge with Abstract Reasoning - 9th grade boy

**Cognitive Data Social &** Academic **Emotional Data Data** 

### **MindPrint Insight:**

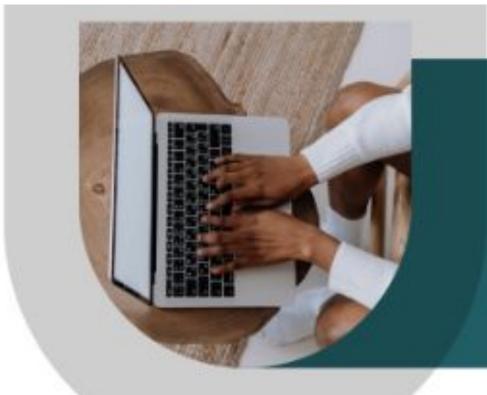
Verbal Reasoning low; Verbal Memory & Spatial Reasoning stronger

# Academic Challenge:

Student struggling with reading and writing

### **SEL Challenge:**

Student struggles with impulse control



### MINDPRINT CASE STUDY #1

### AT A GLANCE

### CHALLENGES

- Behavior Issues
- Reading
   Comprehension
- Verbal Reasoning
- Visual Memory

### STRENGHTS

- Spatial Reasoning
- Verbal Memory
- Faster Pace
- Sensitive/
   Compassionate

### DIAGNOSIS

ADHD ,Specific Learning Disability in the area of Reading (consistent with Dyslexia because of the phonological deficits)

# ESTABLISHED MEANS OF SUPPORT

Student attends Gulliver's EDGE Support Program with smaller classes and has structured directed study with two teachers.

### RESULTS

Student has displayed improvements in all areas including his grades, MAP scores, motivation and self -awareness. He still struggles with impulsivity and work completion, but he has been implementing the organizational and study skills that he learned with this program.

# **Nurture Strengths & Support Needs**

https://www.strategies.mindprintlearning.com/boost/w6x9



Use pictures or hands-on models to strengthen your understanding.

### While reading:

- Visualize as You Read: Read a paragraph or two and then pause and visualize.
- **Use Pictures:** Pause to look at diagrams and pictures instead of skimming over them.

### While problem solving:

- + Draw Pictures or Models to Solve, even if it isn't required.
- Use hands-on math tools like 3-D models or manipulatives.

### When learning something new:

- **Use an Idea Web**, mind map, or visual timeline to help you see connections between concepts instead of just listing ideas.
- Watch a video lesson, ideally one that includes pictures (e.g. BrainPop).
- + Try Visual Note Taking.

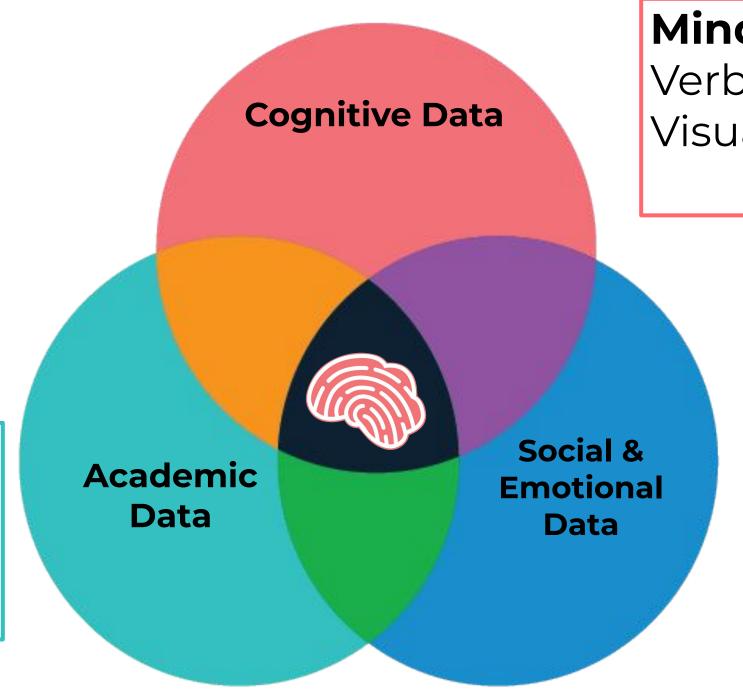


### https://www.strategies.mindprintlearning.com/boost/1zvw

♦ Reading Checklist
Tackle reading assignments with stronger visual skills.
Before Reading
Read instructions aloud to be sure you don't miss anything.
Review related materials (e.g., outlines, vocabulary lists, background information).
While Reading
Visualize as you read each section. Picture the setting, characters, and key details.
Annotate while reading so you can easily find key words, details, and important ideas you want to remember. Use different color highlighters to group related ideas.
After Reading
If there are assignment questions, use your page annotations to find the answers.
If there are no questions, use a graphic organizer to sketch out the main idea and key details.
Stuck While Reading?
+ Visualize as You Read

+ Use an Idea Web to Organize Ideas (Graphic Organizer)

# Case Study 2: 9th grade girl



### **MindPrint Insight:**

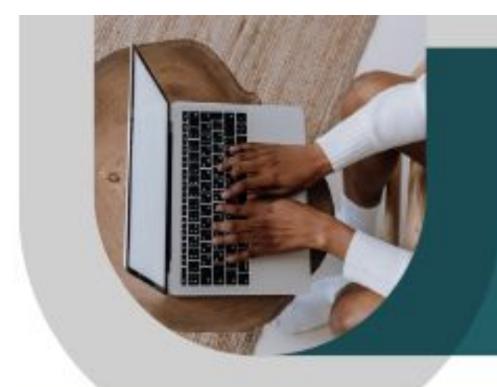
Verbal Reasoning & Visual Memory low

# Academic Challenge:

Student struggling with algebra

### **SEL Challenge:**

Student displays anxiety and trouble focusing



### MINDPRINT CASE STUDY #2

### AT A GLANCE

### CHALLENGES

- Impulsivity Issues
- Math
- Verbal Reasoning
- Visual Memory

### STRENGHTS

- Spatial Reasoning
- Verbal Memory
- Slower Pace
- Motivation

### DIAGNOSIS

No diagnosis. Student displays executive function issues and high anxiety that affect her academic performance

### ESTABLISHED MEANS OF SUPPORT

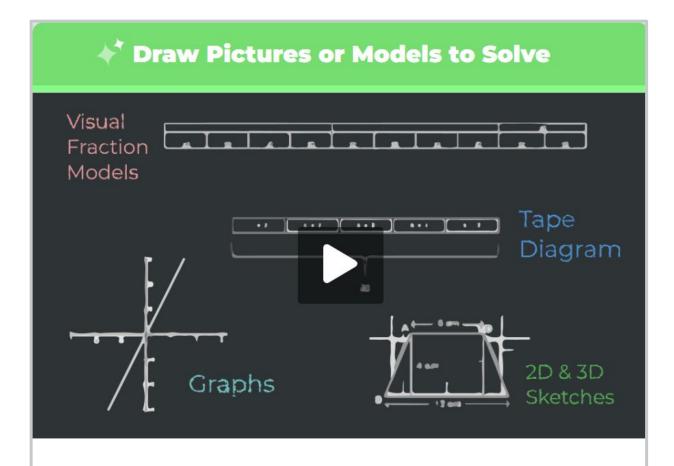
Student attends Gulliver's EDGE Support Program with smaller classes and has structured directed study with two teachers.

### RESULTS

Student has displayed improvements in all areas including work completion, less impulsivity and anxiety. She has become more self-aware and has applied the skills in the classroom

# **Support Executive Function Skills**

https://www.strategies.mindprintlearning.com/boost/yz51



Use pictures to understand how to solve math problems.

- If a picture isn't provided, draw one even if it is not required so you can visualize what is being asked.
- Pick the model that is best for the problem type. Check your notes or textbook if you aren't certain. Common models are bar diagrams, number lines or graphs.
- \* Keep the picture simple and neat. Graph paper and colored pencils help. Write your numbers clearly.
- For word problems, add in each new piece of information as you read through the problem, phrase by phrase.
- Use your model or picture to write an equation and solve.
- \* Add your answer to your picture to confirm your answer makes sense.

https://www.strategies.mindprintlearning.com/boost/ysxq

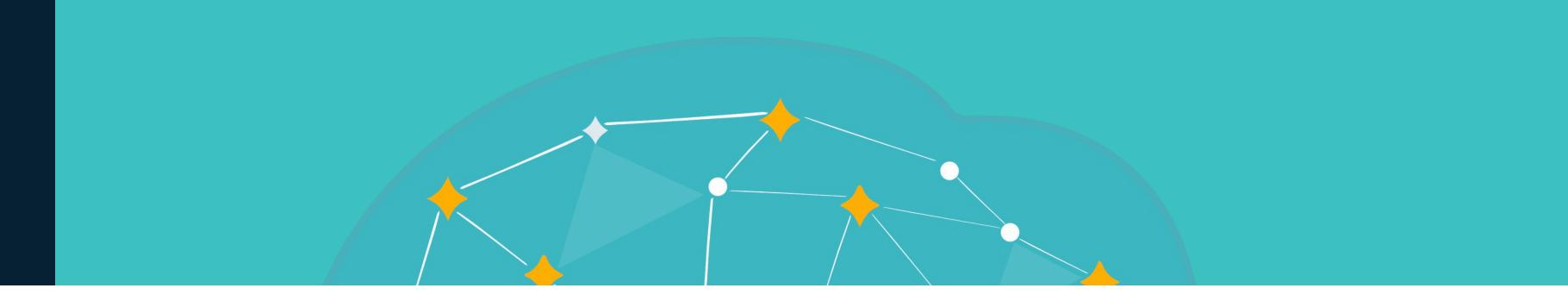
### ★ Show Your Work

$$3(x + y) + 5x + 2y$$
  
 $3x + 3y + 5x + 2y$   
 $8x + 5y$ 

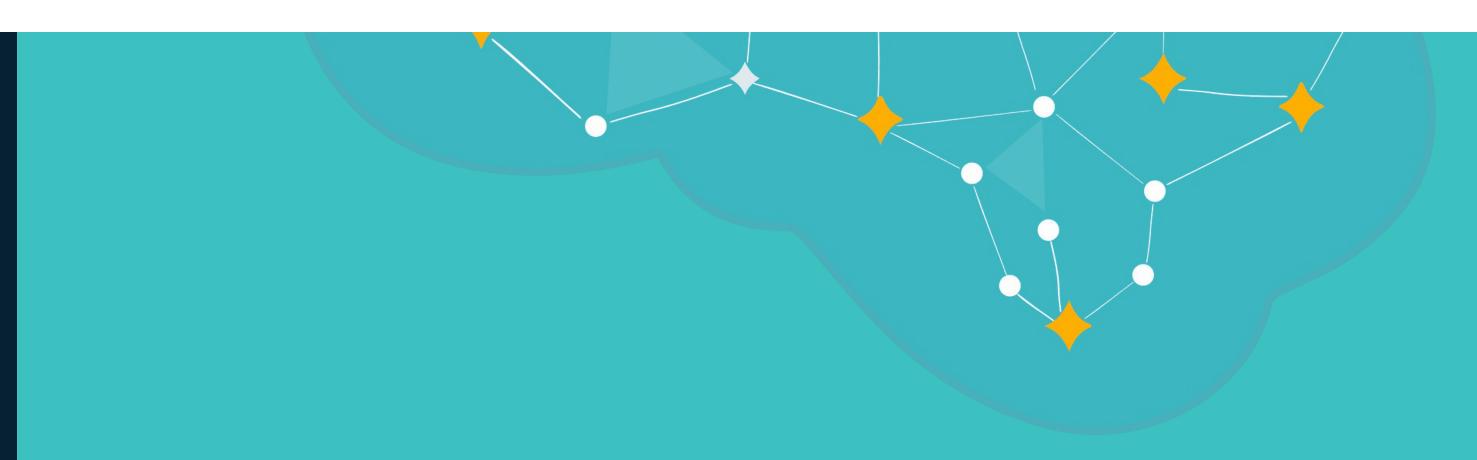
Write out every step of your answer so you can find your own mistakes.

- Write the problem number, the equation, and leave enough room to write neatly.
- + Write each step clearly and keep the steps organized.
- + Label your final answer.
- Attach your scrap paper when you hand in your work.





# Q & A

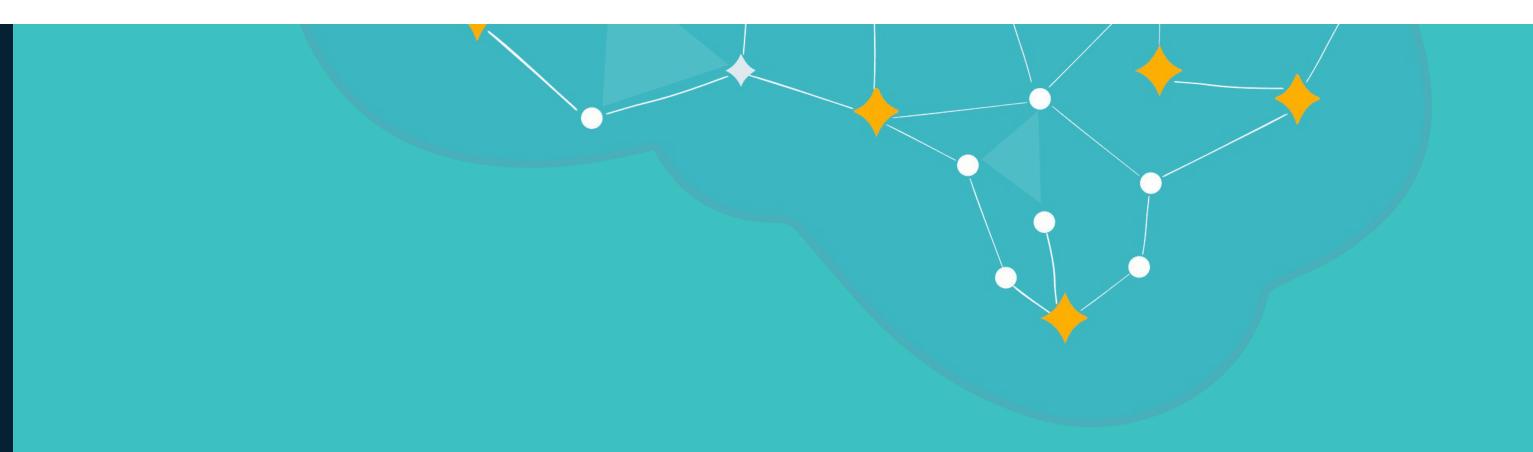


# Questions?

## **Email later**

- Carolina Williams: cwilliams@gulliverprep.org
- Nancy Weinstein: nancy@mindprintlearning.com

# Appendix



# **Complex Reasoning**

How you naturally understand best—Go to your strength when learning is hard







**Understand** more easily

- Reading
- Listening
- Elaborating

- Concept first, then details
- Diagrams, charts, numbers

- Pictures, images, models
- See it, Try it



# **Long-Term Memory**

How you naturally remember best — Lean your strength when you need to be efficient

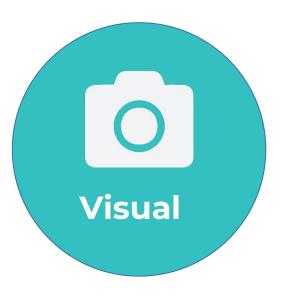


When

- Vocabulary
- Factual information
- Stories

How

- Words, words
- Read it out loud
- Describe it



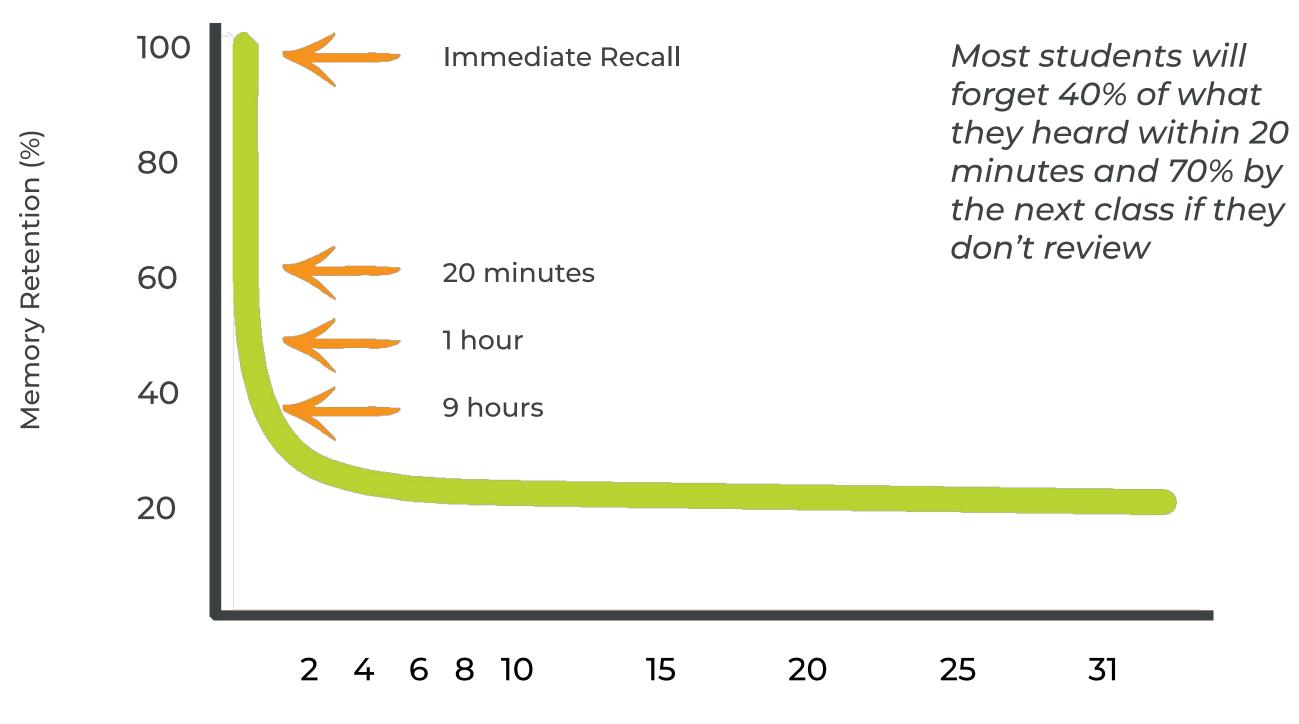
- Pictures
- Math formulas
- Geometry

- Images/Colors
- Look at the pictures
- Draw a picture or visualize



# Science of Memory

AKA the "Forgetting Curve"



Elapsed Time (days)





# **Cognitive Assessment**

**How Students Learn &**What They Need Most

Developed at University of Pennsylvania's Perelman School of Medicine & National Institute of Mental Health

- Online group administration
- Self-Administered, self-paced
- One hour
- Grades 3-12



# **Use Strategies**

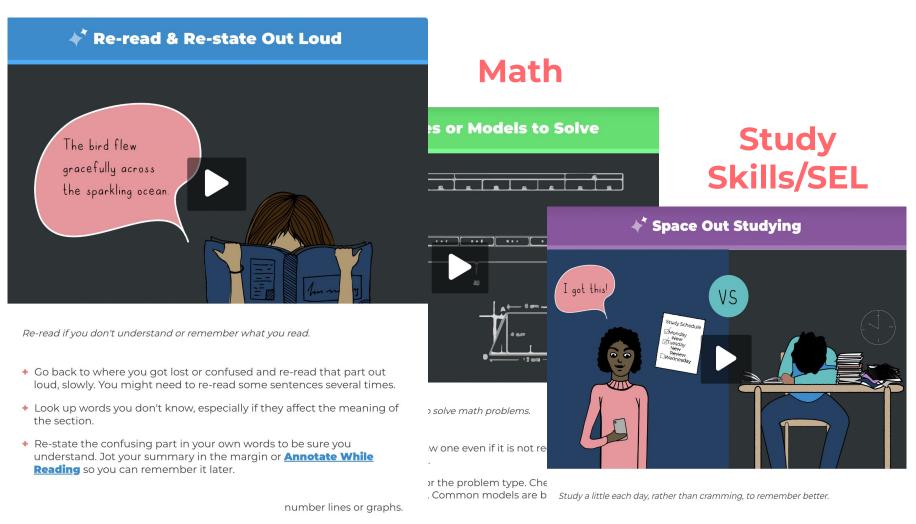
### **Prioritized for You: Student Profile**

Subject	Recommended Strategies
Lesson 3 - MindPrint Student Learner Profile: Discovering Your Reasoning Strengths	Use Your Stronger Visual Reasoning
Lesson 3 - MindPrint Student Learner Profile: Discovering Your Memory Strengths	+ Use Your Stronger Verbal Memory
Lesson 4 - Memorizing for Efficiency	<ul> <li>Space Out Studying</li> <li>Say it Aloud to Remember</li> <li>Active Recall - Quiz Yourself to Study</li> </ul>
Lesson 5 - Homework: Organizing for Success	<ul> <li>+ Create a homework schedule</li> <li>+ Use a Planner</li> <li>+ Homework Checklist</li> </ul>
Lesson 6 - Reading: Managing Challenging Texts	<ul> <li>Use an Idea Web to Organize Ideas (Graphic Organizer)</li> <li>Visualize as You Read</li> </ul>
Lesson 7 - Pacing: There's no Prize for Finishing First	<ul> <li>Be Aware of Your Pacing - Working Too Fast</li> <li>Check Your Math Work</li> <li>Writing Checklist</li> </ul>
Lesson 8 - Math: Using Your Strengths in Problem Solving	<ul> <li>Draw Pictures or Models to Solve</li> <li>Word Problem Strategies</li> </ul>
Lesson 9 - Focus: Paying Attention in Class	Strategies to Stay Focused in Class
Lesson 10 - Test Taking: Optimizing Your Success	<ul><li>Make a Test Plan</li><li>"Throw Away" Test Anxiety</li></ul>

### **FREE to You:**

https://www.strategies.mindprintlearning.com/

### **Reading & Writing**



- Write your numbers clearly.
- through the problem, phrase by phrase.
- \* Keep the picture simple and neat. Graph paper and c \* Plan to study 15-20 minutes every day for 5 days, instead of waiting until the night before the test.
- \* For word problems, add in each new piece of informa \* Put that study time in your homework planner, just as you would any homework assignment.
  - Start each session by reviewing what you already studied the day(s) before. Then add on the new information.
  - Don't spend much time re-reading your notes or the textbook. Instead, re-state your notes or summarize what you read in your own words.



# Taking the MindPrint

• URL:

trial.mindprintlearning.com/register

Passcode: 632e1a1d40a05

 PLEASE provide a valid personal email to retrieve your confidential results

